

GCSE Higher Mathematics

Practice Test 8: Statistics

Instructions:

Answer all questions. Show your working clearly.
Calculators may be used unless stated otherwise.
Time allowed: 90 minutes

Section A: Advanced Averages and Spread

1. The table shows the distribution of daily screen time:

Screen time (hours)	Frequency
1-2	6
3-4	13
5-6	19
7-8	25
9-10	17
11-12	11
13-14	7
15-16	4

Calculate:

- The total number of people surveyed
 - An estimate of the mean daily screen time
 - The modal class
 - An estimate of the median screen time
 - An estimate of the range
2. For the data set: 14, 17, 20, 23, 26, 29, 32, 35, 38, 44
- Calculate the mean
 - Find the median and quartiles (Q1 and Q3)
 - Calculate the interquartile range
 - Calculate the standard deviation
 - Identify any outliers using the $1.5 \times \text{IQR}$ rule
3. Two data sets have the following properties:
- Set X: mean = 56, standard deviation = 12, $n = 26$
 - Set Y: mean = 64, standard deviation = 16, $n = 34$
- Calculate the combined mean

- (b) Calculate the combined standard deviation
 - (c) Which set is more consistent? Explain.
 - (d) Calculate the coefficient of variation for each set
4. The completion times (in minutes) of 60 puzzles are summarized:

$$\sum x = 1260, \sum x^2 = 27300$$

- (a) Calculate the mean completion time
- (b) Calculate the variance
- (c) Calculate the standard deviation
- (d) If each time is increased by 4 minutes, find the new mean and standard deviation

Section B: Histograms and Frequency Density

5. The histogram shows the distribution of parking fees per hour:

[Imagine a histogram with: £0-2 (density 6.5), £2-4 (density 4.8), £4-6 (density 3.2), £6-10 (density 1.8), £10-15 (density 0.8)]

- (a) Complete the frequency table
 - (b) Calculate the total number of car parks surveyed
 - (c) Estimate the mean parking fee
 - (d) Find the modal class
 - (e) What percentage of car parks charge more than £6 per hour?
6. Draw a histogram for this data about daily calorie intake:

Calories	Frequency
1500-1750	16
1750-2000	34
2000-2100	18
2100-2300	28
2300-2500	22
2500-2750	12

- (a) Calculate the frequency density for each class
 - (b) Draw the histogram
 - (c) Estimate the median calorie intake
 - (d) What fraction of people consume more than 2100 calories?
7. A histogram shows data with unequal class widths. The class 150-155 has frequency density 32 and the class 155-165 has frequency 200.
- (a) Find the frequency for the 150-155 class
 - (b) Find the frequency density for the 155-165 class
 - (c) If the total frequency is 1000, suggest frequencies for other classes

Section C: Cumulative Frequency and Box Plots

8. The table shows the cumulative frequency of monthly rent payments:

Rent (£)	Cumulative Frequency
≤ 600	14
≤ 800	32
≤ 1000	56
≤ 1200	78
≤ 1400	92
≤ 1600	102
≤ 1800	108
≤ 2000	112

- Draw the cumulative frequency curve
 - Find the median
 - Find the quartiles Q_1 and Q_3
 - Calculate the interquartile range
 - Draw a box plot
 - Estimate the 90th percentile
9. Two box plots show the distribution of exam preparation hours for two groups:
[Imagine box plots: Group A (min 8, Q_1 16, median 24, Q_3 32, max 48), Group B (min 12, Q_1 20, median 28, Q_3 36, max 52)]
- Compare the distributions by commenting on:
- Central tendency (medians)
 - Spread (ranges and IQRs)
 - Shape and outliers
 - Which group has more variable preparation times?
10. The cumulative frequency curve for loading times (in seconds) passes through these points: (5, 0), (10, 19), (15, 38), (20, 56), (25, 71), (30, 82), (35, 88)
- Find the median loading time
 - Find the quartiles
 - What percentage have loading times between 12 and 23 seconds?
 - Draw the corresponding box plot

Section D: Scatter Graphs and Correlation

11. The table shows data for 10 fitness centers:

Monthly fee (£)	25	35	45	55	65	75	85	95	105	115
Members	320	285	250	215	180	145	110	75	40	5

- Plot a scatter graph
- Describe the correlation
- Calculate the equation of the line of best fit
- Use your line to predict membership for £70 monthly fee

- (e) Estimate the fee for a center with 200 members
 - (f) Calculate the correlation coefficient
12. The equation of a regression line is $y = -2.1x + 180$.
- (a) Interpret the gradient
 - (b) Interpret the y-intercept
 - (c) If $x = 45$, predict y
 - (d) If $y = 117$, estimate x
 - (e) State assumptions made when using this model
13. Classify these correlation coefficients and describe the relationships:
- (a) $r = 0.93$
 - (b) $r = -0.58$
 - (c) $r = 0.16$
 - (d) $r = -0.85$
 - (e) $r = 0.79$

Section E: Advanced Probability

14. A deck contains 11 diamond cards, 8 heart cards, and 6 club cards. Two cards are drawn without replacement.
- (a) Draw a tree diagram
 - (b) Find $P(\text{both diamonds})$
 - (c) Find $P(\text{both same suit})$
 - (d) Find $P(\text{at least one heart})$
 - (e) Find $P(\text{different suits})$
15. The probability that a drone battery dies during flight is 0.07, independently of other flights.
- (a) Find the probability it dies on exactly 1 out of 5 flights
 - (b) Find the probability it dies on at least 2 out of 5 flights
 - (c) Find the expected number of battery failures in 30 flights
 - (d) In 50 flights, find $P(\text{more than 4 failures})$
16. A knowledge quiz has 22 multiple choice questions, each with 4 options. A participant guesses randomly.
- (a) Find $P(\text{correct answer on one question})$
 - (b) Find $P(\text{exactly 8 correct answers})$
 - (c) Find $P(\text{at least 15 correct answers})$
 - (d) Find the expected number of correct answers
 - (e) Find the most likely number of correct answers
17. Events Q and R are such that $P(Q) = 0.46$, $P(R) = 0.62$, and $P(Q \cap R) = 0.23$.
- (a) Find $P(Q \cap R)$
 - (b) Find $P(Q')$
 - (c) Find $P(Q \cup R)$
 - (d) Find $P(R \cap Q)$
 - (e) Are Q and R independent? Justify your answer

Section F: Conditional Probability and Independence

18. A survey of 360 students about transport methods gives:
- 216 use public transport
 - 144 cycle to school
 - 72 use both methods
- (a) Draw a Venn diagram
- (b) Find $P(\text{uses public transport} \mid \text{cycles})$
- (c) Find $P(\text{cycles} \mid \text{uses public transport})$
- (d) Find $P(\text{uses exactly one transport method})$
- (e) Are the transport methods independent? Explain
19. In a call center, 70% of calls are handled by Team 1 and 30% by Team 2. Team 1 resolves 94% of issues, Team 2 resolves 88% of issues.
- (a) Draw a tree diagram
- (b) Find the probability an issue is resolved
- (c) If an issue is resolved, find the probability it was handled by Team 1
- (d) If an issue is not resolved, find the probability it was handled by Team 2
20. A game uses 24 attack cards numbered 1-24 and 18 defense cards numbered 1-18. A card is drawn at random.
- (a) Find $P(\text{attack card and even number})$
- (b) Find $P(\text{defense card} \mid \text{number less than 10})$
- (c) Find $P(\text{number is multiple of 6})$
- (d) Are card type and number properties independent?
21. A virus scanner is 96% accurate for infected files and 98% accurate for clean files. 5% of files are infected.
- (a) Find the probability a file is flagged as infected
- (b) If a file is flagged, find the probability it is actually infected
- (c) If a file passes the scan, find the probability it is clean
- (d) Comment on the effectiveness of the virus scanner

Section G: Hypothesis Testing and Sampling

22. A food delivery service is suspected of late deliveries. Out of 42 orders tested, 16 arrive late.
- (a) State the null and alternative hypotheses (promised rate is 30%)
- (b) Calculate the probability of getting 16 or more late deliveries if rate is 30%
- (c) At the 5% significance level, is there evidence of increased lateness?
- (d) What would be a Type I error in this context?
23. A sample of 44 LED bulbs has mean lifetime 18500 hours and standard deviation 2400 hours.
- (a) Calculate a 95% confidence interval for the population mean
- (b) Interpret your confidence interval
- (c) What assumptions are made?

- (d) How would the interval change with a larger sample size?
24. An online course claims 88% completion rate. In a sample of 140 students, 118 complete the course.
- (a) Test at 5% level whether the claim is justified
 - (b) Calculate the critical value
 - (c) State your conclusion
 - (d) What is the p-value for this test?

Section H: Problem Solving and Integration

25. A supermarket records checkout times over 250 transactions. The data shows:
- Mean = 3.8 minutes
 - Standard deviation = 1.4 minutes
 - Distribution is approximately normal
- (a) Find $P(\text{checkout time} \leq 6 \text{ minutes})$
 - (b) Find the checkout time exceeded by only 10% of customers
 - (c) What percentage of transactions take between 2.5 and 5 minutes?
 - (d) If the supermarket serves 800 customers daily, estimate express lane usage (assuming express for ≤ 2.5 minutes)
26. A manufacturing process samples 16 components every 3 hours. Over 6 sampling periods, the number of defective components found was: 2, 1, 3, 0, 2, 4.
- (a) Calculate the mean and standard deviation
 - (b) Test whether the defect rate exceeds 11%
 - (c) Create a control chart with warning limits
 - (d) Comment on process stability
27. Compare these three investment trust options over 15 years:
- Trust A: Mean return 6.8%, standard deviation 4.2%
 - Trust B: Mean return 9.5%, standard deviation 7.8%
 - Trust C: Mean return 4.1%, standard deviation 2.6%
- (a) Calculate the coefficient of variation for each
 - (b) Which offers the best risk-adjusted return?
 - (c) Using normal distribution, find $P(\text{return} \leq 3\%)$ for each trust
 - (d) Recommend an option for a balanced investor
28. A music school studies the relationship between practice hours and performance scores. The correlation is 0.76.
- (a) What does this correlation suggest?
 - (b) If practice hours have mean 8.5 and standard deviation 3.2, and performance scores have mean 84 and standard deviation 12, find the regression equation
 - (c) Predict the performance score for a student practicing 12 hours
 - (d) Calculate the coefficient of determination and interpret it

29. Design a statistical investigation to determine if flexible working hours improve employee productivity:
- (a) State hypotheses
 - (b) Describe the sampling method
 - (c) Identify variables and potential confounding factors
 - (d) Outline the analysis plan
 - (e) Discuss limitations and assumptions

Answer Space

Use this space for your working and answers.

END OF TEST

Total marks: 100

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