

GCSE Higher Mathematics

Practice Test 3: Statistics

Instructions:

Answer all questions. Show your working clearly.
Calculators may be used unless stated otherwise.
Time allowed: 90 minutes

Section A: Advanced Averages and Spread

1. The table shows the distribution of phone battery life:

Battery life (hours)	Frequency
8-11	5
12-15	9
16-19	14
20-23	18
24-27	21
28-31	15
32-35	8
36-39	4

Calculate:

- The total number of phones tested
 - An estimate of the mean battery life
 - The modal class
 - An estimate of the median battery life
 - An estimate of the range
2. For the data set: 16, 19, 22, 25, 28, 31, 34, 37, 40, 46
- Calculate the mean
 - Find the median and quartiles (Q1 and Q3)
 - Calculate the interquartile range
 - Calculate the standard deviation
 - Identify any outliers using the $1.5 \times \text{IQR}$ rule
3. Two data sets have the following properties:
- Set P: mean = 62, standard deviation = 11, $n = 30$
 - Set Q: mean = 58, standard deviation = 15, $n = 20$
- Calculate the combined mean

- (b) Calculate the combined standard deviation
 - (c) Which set is more consistent? Explain.
 - (d) Calculate the coefficient of variation for each set
4. The masses (in grams) of 36 components are summarized:

$$\sum x = 1800, \sum x^2 = 92400$$

- (a) Calculate the mean mass
- (b) Calculate the variance
- (c) Calculate the standard deviation
- (d) If each component is reduced by 5g, find the new mean and standard deviation

Section B: Histograms and Frequency Density

5. The histogram shows the distribution of internet download speeds:

[Imagine a histogram with: 0-20 Mbps (density 1.5), 20-40 Mbps (density 2.8), 40-60 Mbps (density 3.6), 60-80 Mbps (density 2.2), 80-120 Mbps (density 0.9)]

- (a) Complete the frequency table
 - (b) Calculate the total number of users
 - (c) Estimate the mean download speed
 - (d) Find the modal class
 - (e) What percentage of users have speeds below 40 Mbps?
6. Draw a histogram for this data about apartment rental prices:

Rent (£/month)	Frequency
600-800	18
800-1000	28
1000-1100	12
1100-1300	20
1300-1600	15
1600-2000	8

- (a) Calculate the frequency density for each class
 - (b) Draw the histogram
 - (c) Estimate the median rental price
 - (d) What fraction of apartments rent for more than £1100/month?
7. A histogram shows data with unequal class widths. The class 25-30 has frequency density 12 and the class 30-40 has frequency 60.
- (a) Find the frequency for the 25-30 class
 - (b) Find the frequency density for the 30-40 class
 - (c) If the total frequency is 300, suggest frequencies for other classes

Section C: Cumulative Frequency and Box Plots

8. The table shows the cumulative frequency of running times:

Time (minutes)	Cumulative Frequency
≤ 12	4
≤ 16	14
≤ 20	28
≤ 24	46
≤ 28	62
≤ 32	74
≤ 36	82
≤ 40	85

- Draw the cumulative frequency curve
- Find the median
- Find the quartiles Q1 and Q3
- Calculate the interquartile range
- Draw a box plot
- Estimate the 75th percentile

9. Two box plots show the distribution of salaries for two departments:

[Imagine box plots: Department X (min 28000, Q1 35000, median 42000, Q3 48000, max 65000), Department Y (min 32000, Q1 38000, median 45000, Q3 52000, max 68000)]

Compare the distributions by commenting on:

- Central tendency (medians)
 - Spread (ranges and IQRs)
 - Shape and outliers
 - Which department has more variable salaries?
10. The cumulative frequency curve for response times (in seconds) passes through these points: (2, 0), (4, 12), (6, 28), (8, 45), (10, 58), (12, 67), (14, 72)
- Find the median response time
 - Find the quartiles
 - What percentage have response times between 5 seconds and 9 seconds?
 - Draw the corresponding box plot

Section D: Scatter Graphs and Correlation

11. The table shows data for 10 houses:

Area (m ²)	80	95	110	125	140	155	170	185	200	215
Price (£000s)	185	215	245	275	305	335	365	395	425	455

- Plot a scatter graph
- Describe the correlation
- Calculate the equation of the line of best fit
- Use your line to predict the price for a 160m² house

- (e) Estimate the area for a house priced at £320,000
 - (f) Calculate the correlation coefficient
12. The equation of a regression line is $y = -1.5x + 95$.
- (a) Interpret the gradient
 - (b) Interpret the y-intercept
 - (c) If $x = 30$, predict y
 - (d) If $y = 56$, estimate x
 - (e) State assumptions made when using this model
13. Classify these correlation coefficients and describe the relationships:
- (a) $r = 0.92$
 - (b) $r = -0.68$
 - (c) $r = 0.31$
 - (d) $r = -0.87$
 - (e) $r = 0.74$

Section E: Advanced Probability

14. A jar contains 7 green marbles, 5 blue marbles, and 4 red marbles. Two marbles are drawn without replacement.
- (a) Draw a tree diagram
 - (b) Find $P(\text{both green})$
 - (c) Find $P(\text{both same color})$
 - (d) Find $P(\text{at least one blue})$
 - (e) Find $P(\text{different colors})$
15. The probability that a light bulb fails within a year is 0.08, independently of other bulbs.
- (a) Find the probability that exactly 2 out of 6 bulbs fail
 - (b) Find the probability that at least 3 out of 6 bulbs fail
 - (c) Find the expected number of failures in 25 bulbs
 - (d) In a batch of 50 bulbs, find $P(\text{more than 6 failures})$
16. A computer test has 15 multiple choice questions, each with 5 options. A student guesses randomly.
- (a) Find $P(\text{correct answer on one question})$
 - (b) Find $P(\text{exactly 4 correct answers})$
 - (c) Find $P(\text{at least 10 correct answers})$
 - (d) Find the expected number of correct answers
 - (e) Find the most likely number of correct answers
17. Events E and F are such that $P(E) = 0.7$, $P(F) = 0.5$, and $P(E \cap F) = 0.28$.
- (a) Find $P(E \cap F)$
 - (b) Find $P(E')$
 - (c) Find $P(E \cup F)$
 - (d) Find $P(F \cap E)$
 - (e) Are E and F independent? Justify your answer

Section F: Conditional Probability and Independence

18. A survey of 240 teenagers about social media usage gives:
- 150 use Instagram
 - 96 use TikTok
 - 54 use both platforms
- (a) Draw a Venn diagram
- (b) Find $P(\text{uses Instagram} \mid \text{uses TikTok})$
- (c) Find $P(\text{uses TikTok} \mid \text{uses Instagram})$
- (d) Find $P(\text{uses exactly one platform})$
- (e) Are the platform usages independent? Explain
19. In a garment factory, 55% of items are sewn by Machine P and 45% by Machine Q. Machine P produces 4% defective items, Machine Q produces 6% defective items.
- (a) Draw a tree diagram
- (b) Find the probability an item is defective
- (c) If an item is defective, find the probability it was sewn by Machine P
- (d) If an item is not defective, find the probability it was sewn by Machine Q
20. A collection has 12 fiction books numbered 1-12 and 9 non-fiction books numbered 1-9. A book is selected at random.
- (a) Find $P(\text{fiction and prime number})$
- (b) Find $P(\text{non-fiction} \mid \text{number divisible by 3})$
- (c) Find $P(\text{number} < 8)$
- (d) Are book type and number range independent?
21. A diagnostic scan is 88% accurate for positive cases and 94% accurate for negative cases. 4% of patients have the condition.
- (a) Find the probability of a positive scan result
- (b) If someone has a positive scan, find the probability they have the condition
- (c) If someone has a negative scan, find the probability they don't have the condition
- (d) Comment on the effectiveness of the scan

Section G: Hypothesis Testing and Sampling

22. A spinner is suspected of being biased towards red. It's spun 25 times and lands on red 9 times.
- (a) State the null and alternative hypotheses
- (b) Calculate the probability of getting 9 or more reds if the spinner is fair (assuming 4 equal sections)
- (c) At the 5% significance level, is there evidence the spinner is biased?
- (d) What would be a Type I error in this context?
23. A sample of 45 smartphone batteries has mean charge time 180 minutes and standard deviation 28 minutes.
- (a) Calculate a 95% confidence interval for the population mean

- (b) Interpret your confidence interval
 - (c) What assumptions are made?
 - (d) How would the interval change with a 99% confidence level?
24. A website claims 90% customer satisfaction. In a sample of 120 customers, 104 report satisfaction.
- (a) Test at 5% level whether the claim is justified
 - (b) Calculate the critical value
 - (c) State your conclusion
 - (d) What is the p-value for this test?

Section H: Problem Solving and Integration

25. A gym records member workout durations over 150 sessions. The data shows:
- Mean = 65 minutes
 - Standard deviation = 12 minutes
 - Distribution is approximately normal
- (a) Find $P(\text{workout duration} < 80 \text{ minutes})$
 - (b) Find the duration exceeded by only 15% of members
 - (c) What percentage of workouts last between 50 and 75 minutes?
 - (d) If the gym has 200 members per day, estimate daily equipment usage over 45 minutes
26. A quality inspector samples 10 products every hour. Over 8 hours, the number of defective products found was: 0, 2, 1, 3, 1, 0, 2, 1.
- (a) Calculate the mean and standard deviation
 - (b) Test whether the defect rate exceeds 12%
 - (c) Create a control chart with warning limits
 - (d) Comment on process stability
27. Compare these three mutual fund options over 5 years:
- Fund A: Mean return 7%, standard deviation 9%
 - Fund B: Mean return 11%, standard deviation 16%
 - Fund C: Mean return 5%, standard deviation 6%
- (a) Calculate the coefficient of variation for each
 - (b) Which offers the best risk-adjusted return?
 - (c) Using normal distribution, find $P(\text{loss})$ for each fund
 - (d) Recommend an option for a moderate-risk investor
28. A university studies the relationship between class attendance and final grades. The correlation is 0.72.
- (a) What does this correlation suggest?
 - (b) If attendance has mean 85% and standard deviation 12%, and grades have mean 68 and standard deviation 16, find the regression equation
 - (c) Predict the grade for a student with 92% attendance

- (d) Calculate the coefficient of determination and interpret it
29. Design a statistical investigation to test whether a new app improves student learning outcomes:
- (a) State hypotheses
 - (b) Describe the sampling method
 - (c) Identify variables and potential confounding factors
 - (d) Outline the analysis plan
 - (e) Discuss limitations and assumptions

Answer Space

Use this space for your working and answers.

END OF TEST

Total marks: 100

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